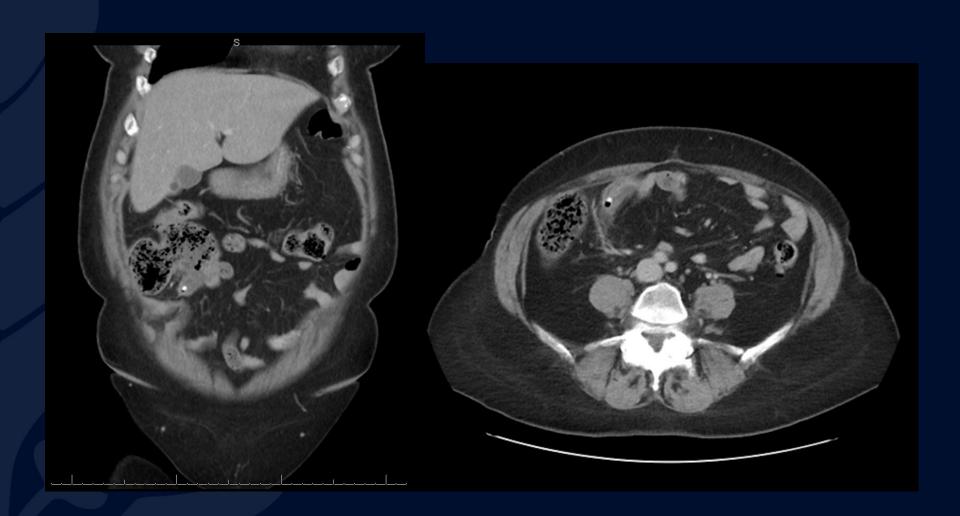
65 year old woman presented to ER with reported history of abdominal pain and nausea. No rebound or RLQ tenderness on physical exam.

Allan Zhang, DO











Acute appendicitis





- Dilated
 hyperemic
 appendix in right
 mid abdomen
 measuring up to
 1.6cm at the
 base.
- 0.7cm appendicolith is present.





- No free intraperitoneal air
- No organized drainable collection



Acute appendicitis

- •Classically, starts with periumbilical pain, and then localizes to McBurney's point (1/3 the distance from umbilicus to ASIS) within one or two days associated with nausea, vomiting, fever.
- Can present with pelvic pain, diarrhea, flank pain, groin pain: appendix within an inguinal hernia (Amyand hernia) or appendix within a femoral hernia (De Garengeot hernia)







De Garengeot Hernia





Radiologic findings

- CT is highly sensitive (>95%) and specific (>95).
- dilated appendix with distended lumen (>6 mm diameter)
- thickened and hyperemic wall
- periappendiceal inflammation, including stranding of the adjacent fat
- appendicolith may also be identified
- Look for abscess or free intraperitoneal air

