

SECTION: RECORDS MANAGEMENT NUMBER: 12-018

SUBJECT: DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS PAGE: 1 OF 2

FOR ALL PROCEDURES

**PURPOSE:** 

To ensure that the medical record thoroughly documents operative or other procedures.

**POLICY:** 

## **CONSENT**

 Informed consent for procedures and operations will be obtained as per policy (See: Informed Consent, Clinical – Obtaining and Documenting; https://health.uconn.edu/policies/wp-content/uploads/sites/28/2021/02/Informed-Consent-Clinical-Obtaining-and-Documenting.pdf) and documented within the medical record.

## **DOCUMENTATION**

- 2. A complete history and physical examination shall in all cases be documented for every patient having surgery or a procedure requiring conscious sedation or general anesthesia:
  - A. For inpatients: documentation should be no more than thirty (30) days prior to or within twenty-four (24) hours after admission
  - B. For outpatients: documentation should be no more than thirty (30) days prior to registration.
  - C. For a history and physical less than thirty (30) days old, a note documenting that the history and physical has been reviewed, and documenting any salient changes in the patient's condition shall be written by the surgeon/proceduralist prior to the surgery/procedure.
- 3. An operative report shall be written or dictated by the physician immediately following surgery or a high-risk procedure. The operative/procedure note shall include:
  - A. Date of Operation
  - B. Patient Name
  - C. Medical Record Number
  - D. Pre-Operative Diagnosis/Indication
  - E. Post-Operative Diagnosis/Findings
  - F. Procedure Performed
  - G. Complications if any
  - H. Description of Procedure



- I. Description of Findings
- J. Specimens Removed
- K. Anesthesia Used
- L. Estimated blood loss
- M. Name of Primary Surgeon or Proceduralist and any Assistants
- N. Patient Status at End of Procedure/Disposition
- 4. If a full operative/procedure note is not immediately documented, then an immediate post-operative progress note (Brief Op Note) should be documented in the medical record following surgery. This note should include:
  - A. Name of the primary surgeon(s) and any assistants
  - B. Procedure performed
  - C. Description of the procedure and the findings
  - D. Estimated blood loss
  - E. Specimens obtained
  - F. Pre-op and post-op diagnoses
- The operative/procedure report must be authenticated by the surgeon and filed in the medical record as soon as possible after surgery and as per HAM policy 12-024 COMPLETION OF MEDICAL RECORDS, DELINQUENT MEDICAL RECORDS, SUSPENSION OF PRIVILEGES.
- 6. Procedures that do not require a dictated or written procedure note include:
  - A. Peripheral Venous Puncture
  - B. Arterial Blood Gas Puncture
  - C. Foley Catheter
  - D. Nasal Gastric Tube
  - E. Rectal Tube
  - F. Peripheral Intravenous Catheter

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