

Frontline June 2015 Wellness, Productivity, and You!

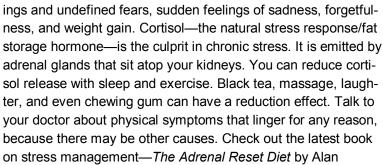
Employee

UConn Health EAP 860-679-2877 or 800-852-4392

Managing Stress:Corticol and Volume

Cortisol and You

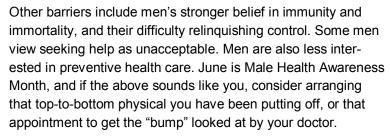
nowledge of the physical responses to stress can help you intervene sooner. They include headaches, sleep disturbances, cuts that do not heal well, eyelid twitching, fatigue, catching colds easily, craving sweets, diarrhea, constipation, abdominal cramps, panic feel-



Christianson, NMD, and Sara Gottfried, MD.

Why Men Don't **Seek Help**

elp-seeking behavior is less often observed in men than in women. Research points to perceived vulnerability, fear, and denial as the reasons for this.



Source: www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed (Search "9934383")

Shift Workers and

Health Burdens

hift workers have a "metabolic health burden" to manage



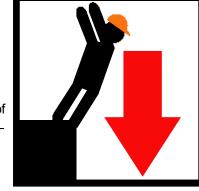
because their schedules often conflict with their need for proper sleep and eating, and the demands of everyday living. This contributes to the tendency for shift workers to be overweight relative to their daytime counterparts. Managing wellness is a skill for shift workers to prevent illnesses like diabetes. Do you feel fine with four to five hours of sleep as a shift worker? This does not indicate that you require less to get by. Talk to your doctor and seek guidance on how to get more sleep.

Source: www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus (search "152606")

Slips, Falls, and Summer

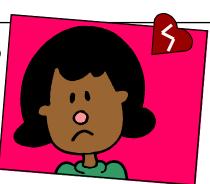
Summer Safety

lips and falls are the most common types of accidents with injury—over 38 million incidents worldwide each year. For every 100,000 people, ten



will die from a fall. Knowing what causes slips and falls can help you prevent them—cluttered floors, loose floorboards, defective sidewalks, parking lot potholes, poorly constructed staircases, torn carpeting, recently mopped or waxed floors, poor weather conditions (ice, sleet, rain), improper training or technique when climbing or walking in hazardous areas or pathways, improper monitoring or assisting of elderly or disabled patients, and unsuitable footwear. Be mindful of these perils and you will reduce falls.

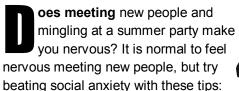
Helping Teens with **Relationship Breakups**

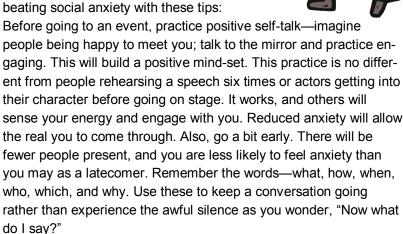


ixty percent of high school students plan to break up with their current boyfriend or girlfriend when they leave for college. Clearly a lot of broken hearts are in store this summer. Teens now face additional challenges in relationship breakups—smartphones, chat, Facebook, and texting. These exacerbate and prolong distress, grief, and anxiety, and interfere with thinking about the relationship's end and experiencing closure. Encourage your teen to talk with you or a trusted friend about his or her experience to deal with breakup blues. Help him or her see the connection between instant communications and prolonged grief and disrupted closure. Discourage self-blame for the breakup, exaggerating one's faults, or other negative self-talk like, "I deserve this." Remind your child of his or her good qualities and avoid the "I told you so" to reinforce your approachability as a source of reliable support in the future. Encourage sleep, healthy foods, and exercise. Help your teen shift time and energy to positive behaviors—things he or she enjoys. This idea of dual-tracking, or participating in positive behaviors while simultaneously thinking about what happened, will ensure positive change. You are the parent, so trust your gut. If the blues linger or you become worried about your child's mental health, speak to a professional counselor.

Source: www.stageoflife.com (Click "teen trends")

Social Success at Summer Parties





Salvia:Another Drug of Abuse



alvia (Salvia divinorum) is a plant native to the region of Oaxaca, Mexico. It is sold on the Internet as a powerful hallucinogenic drug, but it is illegal in only 21 states. Usually smoked, Salvia creates an "out of body experience," making it dangerous and unpredictable, and rendering the user utterly out of control of their behavior and decisions. Salvia is used mostly by young people ages 12 to 25. If you are a concerned parent, supervise your children, know who their friends are, and monitor their whereabouts. Talk to older teens about the dangers of Salvia and abuse of any drug, including alcohol. Signs of Salvia use may include drug paraphernalia, Internet purchases, or small butane torches used for burning the substance in a pipe. A YouTube search will show the vivid dangers of this drug.

Source: www.dea.gov

Don't Lose Your Stuff **on Vacation!**

osing your camera, iPhone, Kindle, or wallet on vacation can be a bummer. Create habits for managing specific items like these to reduce the risk of misplacing or forgetting them. For example, if the safest place for your airline boarding pass is in your



wallet, put it there always, not in a shirt or pants pocket where it can intermingle with other items or be dislodged. Mutually agree to quiz your traveling partner to prevent leaving things behind. When leaving a hotel room, dining area, or waiting area, look, point, and say when scanning the area, "Nothing here." This technique uses three methods—hearing, seeing, and pointing—to catch your overlooked items virtually every time. Of course, keep an eye on your belongings. The most common crime of opportunity during travel is stealing property unguarded by its owner.